

In issue 1 of 2016 of “ARCHE” journal extracts from large studies by German and Polish historians are published. They are dedicated to various aspects of World War II on Belarusian territory. “ARCHE” publishers are planning to publish unabridged versions of these books in Belarusian.

A text by a German researcher **Felix Ackermann** “Grodna Under Soviet Occupation (September 1939 — July 1941)” is a part from his book “Palimpsest Grodno. Nationalisierung, Nivellierung und Sowjetisierung einer mitteleuropäischen Stadt, 1919—1939” (“A Palimpsest Of Grodna: National Revival, Depersonalization An Sovietization Of A Central European City, 1919—1939”) published in 2010.

A text by a German historian **Alexander Brakel** “Baranavičy Region In 1939—1944 Life Under Double Occupation” — is an extract from his study “Unter Rotem Stern und Hakenkreuz: Baranowicze 1939—1944. Das westliche Weißrussland unter sowjetischer und deutscher Besatzung” (“Under Red Star And Swastika: Baranavičy Between 1939 And 1944; West Belarus Under Soviet And German Occupation”) published in 2009.

A text by a Belarusian historian of Polish origin **Zygmunt Boradyn** “Navahradak Region Of The League Of Armed Struggle — Home Army (June 1941 — July 1944)” is a part from his monograph “Niemen — rzeka niezgody: polsko-sowiecka wojna partyzancka na Nowogrodzczyźnie 1943—1944” (“Nioman The River Of Discord: Polish-Soviet Guerrilla War In Navahradak Region 1943—1944”) published in 1999.

A text by a Polish historian **Bogdan Musiał** “Rail War In Belarus In 1943—1944” — is a part from his German-language book “Sowjetische Partisanen 1941—1944: Mythos und Wirklichkeit” (“Soviet Guerrillas In 1941—1944, Myth And Reality”) published in 2009.